

1. a=10
print("a")
What will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) a
- c) 5
- d) none

2. a=10
print(5)
What will be the output?

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- a) 10
- b) a
- c) 5
- d) none

3. a=10
What will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) a
- c) 5
- d) Nill

4. The modules resides inside the library.

- a) True
- b) False

5. print=("abbsoft")
what will be the output?

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- a) abbsoft
- b) Error Show
- c) all of these
- d) None of these

6. print=(abbsoft), which symbol is omitted?

- a) ,
- b) " "
- c) !
- d) :

7. a=10,b=10
a=10;b=10
which of these is correct?

- a) a=10,b=10
- b) a=10;b=10
- c) All of these
- d) None of these

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8. a=10
print("5")
what will be the output?

- a) 5
 - b) Error Show
 - c) 10
 - d) None of these
- Ans- b)

9. The library resides outside the modules.

- a) True
- b) False

10. a=10
 b=input("enter a no"), assuming "b=10"
 print(10+b)

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- a) 15
- b) 10
- c) 20
- d) Error

11. With 'Type casting' process, the value taken from the input() can be converted into _____ & _____.

- a) float, int
- b) int,int
- c) both a & b
- d) None of these

12. a=input("Enter Marks"), assuming "a=10"
 print(type(a))
 What 'Data type' will be show?

- a) int
- b) float
- c) str
- d) none

13. a=int(input("Enter Marks")), assuming "a=85"
 print(type(a))
 what data type will be show ?

- a) int
- b) float
- c) str
- d) none

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14. What will be the output of the following?

```
print(type("Hello"))
```

- a) <class 'str'>
- b) str
- c) "Hello"
- d) String

15. What is the purpose of the 'Type()' in Python?

- a) To convert a value to a string.
- b) To determine the data type of an object.
- c) To create a new data type.
- d) To check if an object is an instance of a class.

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16. What does 'Type()' return do?

- a) int
- b) float
- c) Boolean
- d) All of these

17. Values are stored in _____.

- a) Variable
- b) Dictionary
- c) String
- d) list

18. a=10;b=10
 print(a+b)
 what will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 100
- d) None

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19. a=10;b=10
print(b)
what will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 100
- d) None

20. a=int(input("enter a no.:")), assuming "a=5"
b=10
print(a)
what will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 100
- d) 5

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21. a=int(input("enter a no.:")), assuming "a=5"
b=10
print(10+b)
what will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 100
- d) 5

22. a=20;b=10
print(a==b)
print(a!=b)
what will be the output ?

- a) False, False
- b) True, True
- c) False, True
- d) None

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23. a=True
print(type(a))
what will be the output ?

- a) <class 'int'>
- b) <class 'boolean'>
- c) <class 'bool'>
- d) <class 'float'>

24. a=10
b=int(input("enter a no.:")), assuming "b=5"
print(10+b)
what will be the output?

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 5

25. In Boolean (), it is necessary to capitalize 'T' & 'F'.

- a) True
- b) False